

REVIEW FOR THE FIRST EXAM , MTH 221, FALL 008, THIS IS NOT THE TEST BUT TO TEST A TEST

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QUESTION 1. *In at most two lines, write down what do you understand from each of the following statements?*

- (1) v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4 are independent elements of R^4 .
- (2) Let A be a 3×7 . Find $N(A)$ (i.e., $\text{Nul}(A)$), then find Nullity of A .
- (3) f_1, f_2, f_3 are dependent polynomials in P_7 .
- (4) Let $M = \text{span}\{x^2 + x + 1, x^2 - x + 1\}$. Is $1 \in M$?
- (5) S is a subspace of $R^{2 \times 3}$ and $\dim(S) = 4$.
- (6) Find a basis for P_{11} .
- (7) Write a given system in the matrix-standard form.
- (8) The given system is consistent.
- (9) The given system is inconsistent.
- (10) $f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4 \in P_6$, and $L = \text{span}\{f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4\}$ but $\dim(L) = 2$.
- (11) A is 5×11 . Find $\dim(\text{row}(A))$, Find $\dim(\text{Column}(A))$, and find $\text{Rank}(A)$.
- (12) A is 5×7 , b is 5×1 and the system $AX = b$ is inconsistent (write your understanding in terms of the columns of A).
- (13) The given matrix is in echelon form but it is not in reduced echelon.
- (14) $\dim(\text{Row}(A)) = \dim(\text{column}(A)) = 5$, where A is a 7×11 matrix.

QUESTION 2. *WRITE DOWN T OR F*

- (1) If A is 4×3 , then the homogeneous system $AX = 0$ has infinitely many solutions.
- (2) If A is a 3×5 matrix such that $\text{Nullity}(A) = 2$, then for every column matrix 3×1 b the system $AX = b$ has infinitely many solutions.
- (3) If A is a 4×7 such that the system $AX = b$ is consistent for EVERY b (note that b must be 4×1), then $\text{Nullity}(A) = 3$.
- (4) If B is an echelon form of A , then B is unique.
- (5) If B is a reduced echelon form of A , then B is unique
- (6) If A is a nonzero matrix 3×6 , then $\text{Nullity}(A) \leq 5$.
- (7) If A, B are $n \times n$ and they have the same reduced echelon matrix, then $A = B$.
- (8) if $AB = 0$, then either $A = 0$ or $B = 0$.
- (9) It is possible to have 4 independent elements in R^3 .
- (10) It is possible that the span of 6 element in R^5 is equal to R^5 .
- (11) $(-2, \infty)$ is a subspace of R
- (12) $\dim(\text{span}\{(2, 0, 1), (-2, 0, 1), (0, 0, 2)\}) = 2$.
- (13) If A is 7×7 and $AX = 0$ has a nontrivial solution, then the columns of A are dependent
- (14) If A is 10×7 and $AX = 0$ has only the trivial solution, then the $\text{rank}(A) = 7$
- (15) if A is a 3×5 matrix and $AX = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$ has no solution, then $\dim(\text{row}(A)) \leq 2$.
- (16) If X, Y are independent, then $X, Y, X + Y$ are independent
- (17) Every set of 4 elements of R^4 form a basis for R^4 .
- (18) R^3 has a basis of the form $\{X, X + Y, Y\}$ where X, Y are some elements in R^3 .

QUESTION 3. *a) Show that $D = \{f(x) \in P_4 \mid f'(0) = 0, f(1) = f(-1) = 0\}$ is subspace of P_4 . Find a basis for D .*

b) Show that $L = \{A \in M_{3 \times 2}(R) \mid a_{21} + a_{22} + a_{31} = 0\}$ is a subspace of $M_{3 \times 2}(R)$. Rewrite L as a span.

c) Let $M = \text{span}\{1 + x, -1 + 2x, x^2, 3x + x^2\}$. Find a basis for M .

QUESTION 4. Find a basis for R^4 that contains the following two independent elements $(1, 0, -1, 3), (-1, 0, 1, 8)$.

QUESTION 5. Consider the following system:

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + x_3 + bx_4 &= 6 \\ -x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 - x_4 &= 8 \\ 2x_1 + 2x_3 + 8x_4 &= c \end{aligned}$$

a) For what values of b, c does the system have infinitely many solutions?

b) For what values of b, c is the system inconsistent?

QUESTION 6. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ Find AB .

QUESTION 7. Show that $S = \{(x_1, x_2, x_1 + x_2, 2x_1) \mid x_1, x_2 \in R\}$ is a subspace of R^4 . Find a basis for S . Rewrite S as a span of some elements in S . Find the dimension of S .

QUESTION 8. Let $S = \{(x, y) \mid x \in R \text{ and } y \geq 0\}$. Draw the set S in the XY -plane. Is S a subspace of R^2 ? Explain.

QUESTION 9. are $(1, 2, 3), (-2, 0, 1), (0, 4, 7)$ independent? explain

QUESTION 10. Let $K = \{f \in P_3 \mid xf \in P_3\}$. Show that K is a subspace of P_3 . Rewrite K as a SPAN.

QUESTION 11. Find a basis for the following subspace $S = \{(x_3 + x_2, x_2, x_3) \mid x_2, x_3 \in R\}$. Rewrite S as a SPAN set. Find the dimension of S .

QUESTION 12. The following are not subspaces (vector spaces): Give me at least one reason.

- (1) $S = \{(x_1, x_1 + 1, x_3) \mid x_1, x_3 \in R\}$
- (2) $D = \{f(x) \in P_5 \mid f(-1) = 0 \text{ OR } f(0) = 0\}$.

QUESTION 13. Is $\text{Span}\{(1, -1, 2), (-1, 1, 0), (-1, -1, -2), (-1, 1, 2)\} = R^3$? EXPLAIN

QUESTION 14. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 5 & 13 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$. Find a basis for the column space of A ,

Find a basis for the row space of A . Find a basis for $N(A)$.

QUESTION 15. (This is indeed so NICE !!!) Given A is 3×4 and $N(A) = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} x_3 + 2x_2 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ -5x_3 + 6x_2 \end{bmatrix} \mid x_3, x_2 \in R \right\}$. Find a matrix B 4×4 such that $\text{Rank}(B) = 2$ and $AB = 0$. Find a matrix C 4×6 such that $\text{Rank}(C) = 1$ and $AC = 0$. Is it possible to find a matrix D of rank 3 such that $AD = 0$? Explain

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