

HW IV

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All rings are commutative with $1 \neq 0$

QUESTION 1. Let $n \geq 2$. Prove that $n\mathbb{Z}$ is not an injective $\mathbb{Z}$ -module.

QUESTION 2. Let M, N be R -modules and $f : M \rightarrow N$ be an R -homomorphism. Prove that $\text{Ker}(f)$ is an R -submodule of M .

QUESTION 3. Let P be a projective R -module, M be an R module, and $f : M \rightarrow P$ be a surjective R -homomorphism. Prove that M and $P \oplus \text{Ker}(f)$ are isomorphic as R -modules.

QUESTION 4. We know that $\mathbb{Z}_7$ is not a projective $\mathbb{Z}$ -module. Prove that $\mathbb{Z}_7$ is a projective $\mathbb{Z}_{21}$ -module.

QUESTION 5. Let $F = \mathbb{Z}_8$ and $R = F[[x]]$, $a = 5 + x^2 + 4x^3 \in R$. If $a^{-1} \in R$, then find a^{-1} .

QUESTION 6. (i) Give me an example of a non-Noetherian ring. [Hint: Take $R = \mathbb{Z}[X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n, \dots]$.]

(ii) Give an example of a ring R with exactly one maximal ideal M such that $\text{Nil}(R) = M$, but $M^k \neq \{0\}$ for every integer $k \geq 1$.

QUESTION 7. Let M be a $\mathbb{Z}$ -module such that $\text{ann}(m) = 13\mathbb{Z}$ for some $m \in M$. Prove that M has a submodule N such that N is isomorphic to a field F as F -modules.

QUESTION 8. Give me an example of a Noetherian ring that is not Artinian.

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