

Quiz 1

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QUESTION 1. (a) (4 points) Solve for x , $6x \equiv 3$ in the planet Z_9 .

$$\begin{aligned} a=6, b=3, n=9 \\ \rightarrow \gcd(a, n) = \gcd(6, 9) = 3 \\ \text{Is } 3 \mid 3? \text{ YES } \therefore \text{there are } \underline{\text{3 solutions}} \\ \rightarrow \text{gap} = \frac{n}{\gcd(a, n)} = \frac{9}{3} = \underline{\underline{3}} \\ \therefore \text{Solution set is } \{2, 5, 8\} \end{aligned}$$

(b) (2 points) using (a), find all possible solutions for x over the planet Z , where $6x \pmod{9} = 3$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Solution set is } \{2 + 3m \mid m \in \mathbb{Z}\} \quad \checkmark$$

QUESTION 2. (4 points) Find the $\gcd(105, 154)$ and the $\text{LCM}(105, 154)$

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} | \\ 105 \end{array} \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 49 \\ -105 \\ \hline 49 \end{array} \right. \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} | \\ 49 \end{array} \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 49 \\ -98 \\ \hline 7 \end{array} \right. \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} | \\ 7 \end{array} \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 49 \\ -49 \\ \hline 0 \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

$$\therefore \gcd(105, 154) = \underline{\underline{7}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \text{LCM}[105, 154] &= \frac{105 \times 154}{\gcd(105, 154)} \\ &= \underline{\underline{2310}} \end{aligned}$$

QUESTION 3. (4 points) Find all solutions for x over the planet Z , where $5x \pmod{7} = 6$.solve:- $5x \equiv 6 \pmod{7}$

$$a=5, b=6, n=7$$

$$\rightarrow \gcd(a, n) = \gcd(5, 7) = 1$$

$$\text{Is } 1 \mid 6? \text{ YES}$$

$$\therefore \text{solution set is } \{4 + 7m \mid m \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

QUESTION 4. (6 points) Find the smallest positive integer x such that $x \pmod{9} = 6$ and $x \pmod{7} = 2$. (Show the work)

$$\therefore m_1 = 9, m_2 = 7$$

as the $\gcd(\text{every 2 } m_i's) = 1$, CRT is applicable

$$\rightarrow m = m_1 \times m_2 = 9 \times 7 = \underline{\underline{63}} \Rightarrow 0 \leq \text{smallest +ve integer} \leq 63$$

$$\rightarrow n_1 = \frac{m}{m_1} = \frac{63}{9} = 7 \Rightarrow 7y_1 = 1 \pmod{9} \Rightarrow y_1 = \underline{\underline{4}}$$

$$n_2 = \frac{m}{m_2} = \frac{63}{7} = 9 \Rightarrow 9y_2 = 1 \pmod{7} \Rightarrow 2y_2 = 1 \pmod{7} \Rightarrow y_2 = \underline{\underline{4}}$$

$$\therefore x = n_1 y_1 + n_2 y_2 \pmod{m}$$

$$= [(7 \times 6 \times 4) + (9 \times 2 \times 4)] \pmod{63}$$

$$= 240 \pmod{63}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \frac{17}{21} = 3 \frac{51}{63} \Rightarrow x = \underline{\underline{51}}$$

$\therefore x = 51$ is the smallest positive integer