

Exam II: MTH 111, Spring 2025

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Points = 42 Excellent!!
~~40~~
42QUESTION 1. (i) Find $\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{n^2-1}{n-1}$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{n^2-1}{n-1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{(n+1)(n-1)}{n-1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} n+1 = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} n+1 = 2$$

(ii) Find $\lim_{n \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{n}$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{n} = 1$$

QUESTION 2. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $f(x) = 2x^3 + 7x + 3$ at $x = 1$.

$$f(n) = 2n^3 + 7n + 3, \quad n = 1$$

$$f'(n) = 6n^2 + 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(1) &= 2 \times 1^3 + 7 \times 1 + 3 \\ &= 2 + 7 + 3 = 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$f'(1) = 6 \times 1^2 + 7$$

$$= 6 + 7 = 13$$

$$y = f'(1)(n-1) + f(1)$$

$$= 13n - 13 + 12 = \boxed{13n - 1}$$

QUESTION 3. Find $f'(x)$ but do not simplify

$$(i) f(x) = (3x^3 + 7x + 1)^3 (2x^4 + x + 1)^2$$

$$v = (2n^4 + n + 1)^2; \quad v' = 2(2n^4 + n + 1) \times (8n^3 + 1)$$

$$u = (3n^3 + 7n + 1)^3; \quad u' = 3(3n^3 + 7n + 1)^2 \times (9n^2 + 7)$$

$$f'(n) = \cancel{3(3n^3 + 7n + 1)^2} \times \cancel{2(2n^4 + n + 1)} \times \cancel{2(2n^4 + n + 1)} \times \cancel{3(3n^3 + 7n + 1)^2} \times \cancel{9n^2 + 7}$$

$$(ii) f(x) = \sqrt{3x+2} + 7x + 1 = (3n+2)^{1/2} + 7n + 1$$

$$f'(n) = \frac{1}{2}(3n+2)^{-1/2} \times 3 + 7$$

(iii) Let $k(x) = f(2x^3 + 7x + 1)$ such that $f'(1) = 2025$. Find $k'(0)$.

$$k(n) = f(g(n))$$

$$g(n) = 2n^3 + 7n + 1$$

$$k'(n) = f'(g(n)) \times g'(n)$$

$$k'(0) = f'(1) \times g'(0) = k'(0) = 2025 \times 7$$

n

$$k'(0) = f'(1) \times g'(0)$$

$$= 2025 \times 7$$

$$= 14175$$

$$g(0) = 2 \times 0^3 + 7 \times 0 + 1 = 1; \quad g'(n) = 6n^2 + 7$$

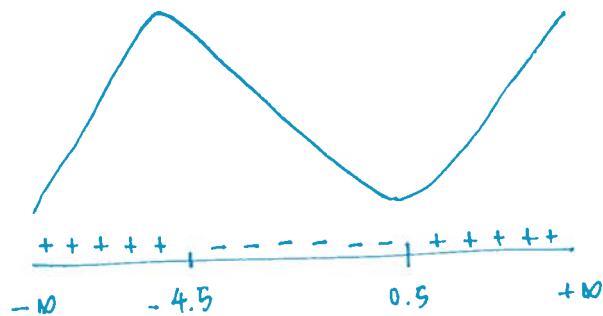
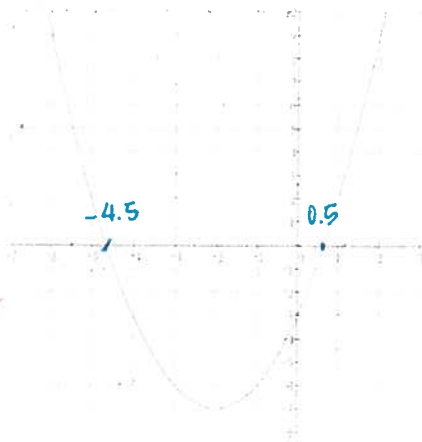
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$$g'(0) = 7$$

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$$-\infty < x < \infty$$

QUESTION 5. (12 points) The graph of $f'(x)$ is given below. Note that $2010 \leq x \leq 2014$, you may draw the sign of $f'(x)$ on the right hand side of the graph.



(i) For what values of x does $f(x)$ increase?

$f(x)$ increases for $x \in (-\infty; -4.5) \cup (0.5; +\infty)$

(ii) For what values of x does $f(x)$ decrease?

$f(x)$ decreases for $x \in (-4.5; 0.5)$

(iii) For what values of x does $f(x)$ have local min values?

$f(x)$ has local min values for $x = 0.5$

(iv) For what values of x does $f(x)$ have local max values?

$f(x)$ has local max values for $x = -4.5$

(v) Roughly, sketch the graph of $f(x)$, (on the right hand side)

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QUESTION 6. Let $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 4$.

$$\rightarrow f'(x) = 3x^2 + 12x$$

$$3x^2 + 12x$$

$$3x(x+4)$$

$$x=0 \text{ \& } x=-4$$

(i) For what values of x does $f(x)$ increase?

$f(x)$ increases for $x \in (-\infty; -4) \cup (0; +\infty)$

(ii) For what values of x does $f(x)$ decrease?

$f(x)$ decreases for $x \in (-4; 0)$

(iii) For what values of x does $f(x)$ have local min values?

$f(x)$ has local min values at $x = 0$

(iv) For what values of x does $f(x)$ have local max values?

$f(x)$ has local max values at $x = -4$

(v) Roughly, sketch the graph of $f(x)$, (on the right hand side)

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